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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/774,631	02/01/2001	Hirotaka Ueno	108075-00033	3059	
7590 06/24/2004 ARENT FOX KINTNER PLOTKIN & KAHN, PLLC Suite 600 1050 Connecticut Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20036-5339			EXAM	EXAMINER	
			PATEL, 1	PATEL, NITIN C	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2116	6	
			DATE MAILED: 06/24/2004	4	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/774,631	UENO, HIROTAKA				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
-	Nitin C. Patel	2116				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap						
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tingly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e. cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u>_</u> .					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
 4) Claim(s) 3-12 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 3-6,8,9,11 and 12 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 7 and 10 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or 	wn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	*					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documen 2. Certified copies of the priority documen 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documen application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicationity documents have been received in (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

- 1. This is in responsive to amendment filed on May 17, 2004.
- 2. Claims 1-2 have been canceled.
- 3. Claims 3 12 are presented for the examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 3 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Marbot, US Patent 5,268,937 [cited in previous office action], and further in view of Ducaroir et al. [hereinafter as Ducaroir], US Patent 6,061,747.
- 6. As to claims 4, and 12, Marbot teaches system and method for digital transmission with determining a transfer [transmission] speed of an encoded data signal [TS, transmission signal] including a clock signal [CL, clock] and a data signal [DS, data] [col. 1, lines 30 36, col. 4, lines 30 41] with steps of decoding [decoding is inherent to decoder] the encoded data signal [TS] to generate [to restore] a decoded data [RD] signal and write clock [CL] signal [col. 4, lines 43 57, fig. 1]; storing [memorizing] [col. 8, lines 49 51] the decoded signal [RD] in a memory [registers of buffer] in accordance with the write clock signal [CL][col. 8, lines 37 51, col. 11, lines 36 37, col. 13, lines 61 65, fig. 6]; determining a data transfer speed [transmission speed] of the encoded data signal [TS] using the write clock [CL] signal [col. 1, lines 48 56, col. 3, lines 32 38, col. 10, lines 1 33, fig. 5]; generating a read clock signal

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[CL] having a frequency corresponding to the determined data transfer speed [col. 10, lines 1 – 33]; reading the decoded data signal [RD] stored in the memory [register] in accordance with the read signal [CL][col. 11, lines 19 – 50].

However, Marbot does not teach an encoder in receiver [13] section for encoding the read decoded data signal and the read clock signal to generate an encoded data signal. In summary, he teaches an encoder, and buffer in transmitter and decoder, buffer, and clock recuperator in receiving section but does not teach transceiver which has both transmitter and receiver section.

Ducaroir teaches a system and method encoded data transfer to-and-from with a TX/RX core [510, fig.7] with encoded data stream incoming to TX/RX and input to receiver [710] to a receive buffer [740] and transferred to decoder [750, deserializer750] and data/clk recovery logic [760] which allows RX clock generator [725] to recreate [regenerate] true timing signal [receive clock signal] from the data [clock is recovered from the data themselves] and high speed serial connection is not required to transmit a separate clock [col. 8, lines 29 – 46] and transmitter section with transmit buffer [730] to transmit encoded data from encoder [720, serializer] with read clock [transmit clock generated by TX clock generator [715]] for clocking the serial data at transmission speed [col. 8, lines 13 – 27, fig. 7] which provide a desirable characteristic including parity for error checking, DC balance, and extra characters that can be used for controls, such as start, end, and error [col. 6, lines 49 – 56].

It would have been an obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, having the teachings of Mabot and Ducaroir before him at the time of invention was made, to modify the system and method for digital transmission with encoding data in association with clock and synchronization information to form serial transmission signal, and in reception, recovering the clock and

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synchronization information contained in transmission signal to determine transmission speed, and decoding the transmission signal to reconstitute the original data by Marbot to include encoded data transfer to-and-from with transmitter section with transmit buffer [730] to transmit encoded data from encoder [720, serializer] with read clock [transmit clock generated by TX clock generator [715]] for clocking the serial data at transmission speed [col. 8, lines 13 – 27, fig. 7] and reception [TX/RX core, fig. 7] will not require a high speed serial connection to transmit a separate clock [col. 8, lines 29 – 46] and to provide a desirable characteristic including parity for error checking, DC balance, and extra characters that can be used for controls, such as start, end, and error [col. 6, lines 49 – 56] with a system capable of serially transmitting and receiving video, audio and control data to and from one or more monitors while simultaneously serially transmitting control data from one or more sensors operably coupled to monitor(s) [col. 8, lines 49 – 53].

- 7. As to claim 3, Marbot discloses determination of transmission speed on the basis of information received [col. 3, lines 35 37] with counter [50], comparator [49], and intermediate clock signal therefore, he teaches the step to measure a time required to store predetermined number of bits of encoded data too [col. 3, lines 35 37, col. 10, lines 15, and 24 27, fig. 5].
- 8. As to claim 5, Marbot discloses determination of transmission speed on the basis of information received [col. 3, lines 35 37] with counter [50], comparator [49], and intermediate clock signal therefore, he teaches the step to measure a time required to store predetermined number of bits of encoded data by counting pulses of reference clock too [col. 3, lines 35 37, col. 10, lines 15, and 24 27, fig. 5].

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- 9. As to claim 6, Marbot discloses determination of transmission speed on the basis of information received [col. 3, lines 35 37] with counter [50], therefore, he teaches the step to measure a time includes counting of pulses too [col. 3, lines 35 37, col. 10, lines 15, and 24 27, fig. 5].
- 10. As to claim 8, Ducaroir teaches an encoding of data signal includes a strobe signal and data signal, which are encoded in accordance with a Data-Strobe Link coding scheme [encoding is performed to provide a desirable characteristics including an extra characters to be used for controls, such as start, end, and error][col. 6, lines 49 56].
- 11. As to claim 11, Marbot discloses determination of transmission speed on the basis of information received [col. 3, lines 35 37] with comparator [49], and timer [counter 50] to count pulses, therefore, he teaches the step to detect the condition by using comparison result in accordance with write clock too [col. 3, lines 35 37, col. 10, lines 15, and 24 27, fig. 5].
- 12. As to claim 12, Ducaroir discloses the timing clock generator [705] to provide a reference clock signal to the transmitter [700] to clock signal generator circuit [715, TXclock generator] for clocking the serial data at the transmission speed of high speed serial connection [col. 8, lines 19 23] therefore he teaches to select [control signal to select] a read clock signal [TX clock] corresponds to transmission speed too.

Allowable Subject Matter

13. Claims 7, and 10 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion.

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14. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nitin C. Patel whose telephone number is 703-305-3994. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00am - 4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lynne H. Brown can be reached on 703-308-1159. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Nitin C. Patel June 21, 2004

LYNNE H. BROWNE
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
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